

Duration 3 Hours

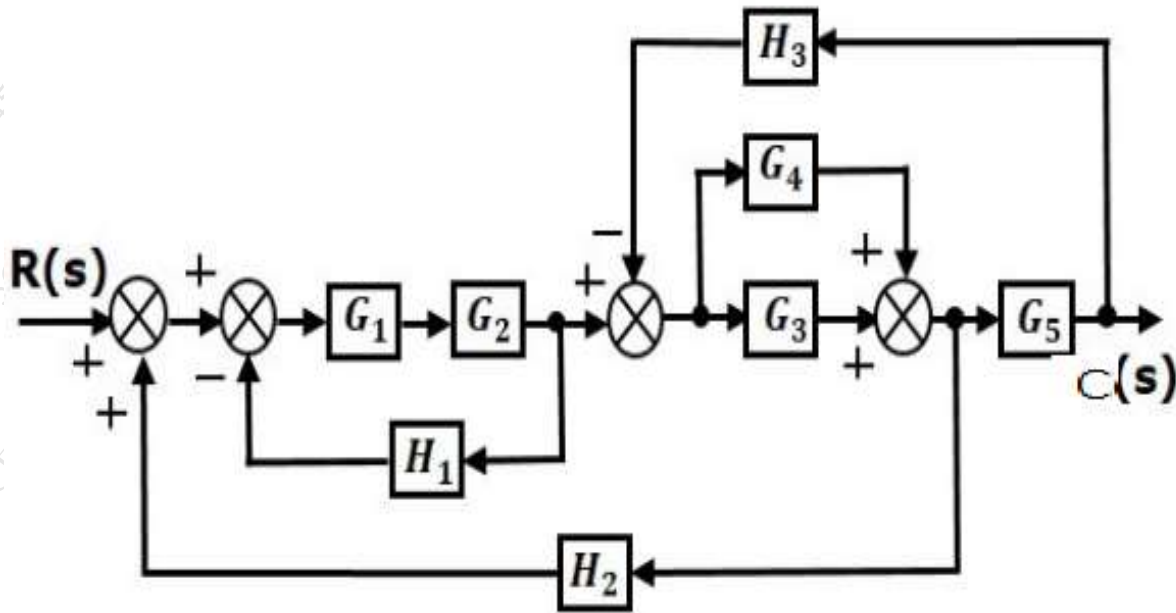
[Maximum Marks 80]

- NOTE: 1) Question 1 is **compulsory**
 2) Solve **any three** from the remaining five questions
 3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q.1. Answer any Four of the following

- a. Explain with appropriate examples, open loop and closed loop systems. 5
- b. Explain the Mason's gain formula with reference to SFG Technique. 5
- c. With an example, determine the relative stability of a system using Routh stability criterion. 5
- d. Define gain margin and phase margin. Explain how to find them from magnitude versus phase plot. 5
- e. What is the Nyquist Criterion. 5

Q.2. a. Find the transfer function of the block diagram shown in figure by using block diagram reduction method. 10



b. Determine the stability of the control system having characteristic equation 10

$$S^6 + 2S^5 + 8S^4 + 12S^3 + 20S^2 + 16S + 16 = 0$$

Q3. a. A unity feedback system is characterized by a loop transfer function **10**

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s + 10)}$$

Determine gain k, so that the system will have a damping ratio of 0.5.
For this value of k, determine T_s , M_p , T_p for a unit step.

b. Sketch the polar plot for the system having transfer function $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(1 + s)^2}$ **10**

Q.4.a. Draw the Root locus for the system. **10**

$$G(s) H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s + 3)(s + 6)}$$

Determine the value of k for marginal stability and critical damping.

b. A feedback control system has $G(s) H(s) = \frac{100(s+3)}{s(s + 1)(s + 5)}$ **10**

Draw Bode plot and comment on stability.

Q.5. a. Draw the Nyquist plot for the given open loop transfer function and test the stability. **10**

$$G(s) H(s) = \frac{1}{(s + 1)(s + 2)}$$

b. Obtain the state model for the system with transfer function. **10**

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{3S+4}{s^2 + 5s + 2}$$

Q.6. Short note on (Any 2) **20**

a. Frequency domain specifications for second order under damped system

b. Special cases with Routh Criterion

c. Concept of Controllability
